

Summary of Product Characteristics (SmPC)

Product Name: ARTEMOON (Artemether Injection 80 mg/ml)

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Summary Product Characteristics

1. Name of the proprietary product: ARTEMOON

Name of the nonproprietary International Product: Artemether Injection 80mg/ml

Route of Administration: Intramuscular injections

2. Qualitative and Quantitative composition:

Batch size: 100 Litres

Sr. No	Material	Specification	Rationale	Composition	Overage %	Qty per MI	Qty/Batch Size
1.	Artemether	IH	Active ingredients	80 mg/ 1ml	---	80 mg	≠ 8.00 kg
2.	Arachis Oil	BP	Vehicle	QS	---	Qs to 1 ml	QS to 100 lit

Where, BP- British Pharmacopoeia

These quantities are calculated on the basis of standard potency and LOD. Quantity may change if standard potency and LOD changes.

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3. Pharmaceutical Form: Liquid Injection

4. Clinical Particulars:

4.1 Therapeutic Indications:

Treatment of severe and complicated malaria caused by *P.falciparum* both in adults and children in areas where there is multidrug resistance.

Treatment of uncomplicated malaria in situations where there is widespread prevalence of multi-drug resistant *P. falciparum* infection.

4.2 Posology and method of administration:

Adults: First day: 80 mg administered by IM route twice a day at a 12 hourly interval (=160 mg/day).

Following 4 days: 80 mg administered by IM route once a day.

The dose should not be exceed 480 mg in adults.

Children: First day: 1.6 mg/kg of body weight administered by IM route twice a day at a 12 hourly (= 3.2 mg /Kg body wt/day).

Following 4 days: 1.6 mg/Kg of body weight administered by IM route once a day.

The dose should not be exceed 9.6 mg/ kg in children.

Posology and mode of administration:

Intramuscular Only

4.3 Contraindications

Hypersensitivity to artemether or other artemisinin compounds.

Artemether is not recommended in the first trimester of pregnancy because of limited data.

4.4 Special warnings and precautions for use

The ampoules should be stored at room temperature in their original containers and protected from light. Under these conditions the injectable forms have a shelf life of 3 years.

4.5 Interaction with other medicinal products and other forms of interaction:

No known drug interaction has been recorded of Artemether.

4.6 Pregnancy and Lactation:

As per information available from World Health Organisation, little experience has been gained with the use of this drug in pregnancy but it should not be withheld if it is considered life-saving to the mother.

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Artemisinin and its derivatives can be used for treatment of uncomplicated malaria during the second and third trimester of pregnancy in areas of multidrug resistance. Owing to lack of data, use in the first trimester of pregnancy is not recommended.

Artemisinin and its derivatives have not been measured in the milk to nursing mothers. It is very likely that these are present in milk and nursing mothers should not be given artemisinin if they are suffering from uncomplicated malaria either in multidrug resistance or drug sensitive situations. If the nursing mother is suffering from complicated and serious malaria induced by multidrug-resistant *P. falciparum* and artemisinin is indicated, breast-feeding should be stopped.

4.7 Effects on the ability to drive and use machines

Not relevant.

4.8 Undesirable effects:

Artemether has been remarkably well-tolerated, and appears less toxic than quinine or chloroquine; adverse effects include bradycardia, electrocardiogram abnormalities, gastrointestinal disturbances (nausea, abdominal pain, diarrhoea - oral therapy only), dizziness, injection site pain, skin reactions, and fever. Transient decreases in neutrophils and reticulocytes have been reported in some patients treated with artemether.

Drug induced fever has been observed with artemether. Mild reactions were seen in patients to whom artemether had been administered intramuscularly. These included nausea, hypotension, dizziness and tinnitus. These side effects were also reported: dark urine, sweating, somnolence, and jaundice. There were no deaths or any other side effects. No irreversible side effects were seen. Slight rise of SGOT and SGPT may occur in individual cases. Neurological side effects have not yet been observed in clinical use but clinical trials suggest that coma may be prolonged in patients treated with artemether and there was an increased incidence of convulsions in one trial in cerebral malaria. Transient first degree heart block has been documented in three patients receiving artemether.

Neurotoxicity has been observed in animal studies but not in humans.

Cardiotoxicity has been observed following administration of high doses of Artemether.

4.9 Overdose

There is no experience with overdosage with Artemether. There is no specific antidote known for the Artemisinin derivatives.

However, experimental toxicological results obtained with large doses of Artemisinin on the cardiovascular system and the CNS should be considered. Overdosage could bring on cardiac irregularities. An ECG should be taken before initiating treatment in cardiac patients.

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5. Pharmacological Particulars:

5.1 Pharmacodynamic properties

Pharmacotherapeutic group: Antimalarials, blood schizonticide

ATC code: P01BE02

Artemether is a antimalarial medicines.

Artemisinin and its semisynthetic derivatives act essentially as blood schizonticides.

The presence of the endoperoxidebridge appears to be essential for antimalarial activity: generation of singlet oxygen and formation of free radicals.

Inhibition of protein synthesis as the basic mechanism of action is suggested in studies which showed morphological changes in ribosomes as well as in the endoplasmic reticulum.

Morphological changes of the parasitic membranes induced by dihydroartemisinin have been described, being the result of free radical action.

The observation that membranous structures are disrupted have lead, once again, to the hypothesis that the site of action of artemisinin could be the membranous structures.

Other in vitro tests suggest that artemisinin causes a marked diminution of nucleic acid synthesis.

5.2 Pharmacokinetic properties

Pharmacokinetics:

Oral β -Artemether is rapidly absorbed reaching C_{max} Within 2-3 hours.

Intramuscular β -Artemether is rapidly absorbed reaching C_{max} Within 4-9 hours.

It is metabolized in the liver to the demethylated derivative dihydroartemisinin.

The elimination is rapid, with a $T_{1/2}$ of 4 hours.

Dihydroartemisinin has a $T_{1/2}$ of more than 10 hours.

The degree of binding to plasma proteins varied markedly according to the species considered.

The binding of β -Artemether with plasma protein was 58% in mice, 61% in monkeys and 77% in humans. The binding of β -Artemether with plasma protein is of the order of 50%. Radioactivity of free β -Artemether in plasma was found to be equal to that in red blood cells indicating an equal distribution of free drug between cells and plasma.

Artemisinin and related compounds are difficult to assay in body fluids.

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Measurement can be done by high-performance liquid chromatography with UV detection and electrochemical detection. These drugs bind avidly and irreversibly to membranes, including those of normal erythrocytes and may also bind covalently to plasma proteins.

In view of these difficulties, some groups have developed bio-assays as useful, if imprecise, measures of biological activity.

Distribution and excretion

Artemisinin and its derivatives are metabolised rapidly in vivo to dihydroartemisinin.

This active metabolite may be eliminated more slowly than the parent compound.

Intramuscular B-Artemether is rapidly absorbed reaching C_{max} within 4 - 9 hours.

Oral, B-Artemether is rapidly absorbed reaching C_{max} within 2 - 3 hours.

The elimination is rapid, with a T_{1/2} of 4 hours.

Pharmacokinetics of oral β-Artemether in healthy males and patients with acute, uncomplicated, falciparum malaria.

The pharmacokinetics of a single oral dose of β-Artemether 200 mg were investigated in 6 healthy male volunteers. The pharmacokinetics of multiple doses of oral β-Artemether 200 mg as an initial dose followed by 100 mg at 12h later, then 100 mg daily for 4 days were investigated in 8 male patients with acute uncomplicated falciparum malaria.

In the healthy volunteers, median maximum plasma concentrations of β-Artemether of 118 ng/ml were reached at 3h.

β-Artemether undergoes rapid and extensive conversion to dihydroartemisinin.

The active metabolite, dihydroartemisinin, reached C_{max} at the median time of 6h, attaining higher plasma concentrations than the parent drug.

In the patients B-Artemether was rapidly absorbed; median absorption half-life was 0.29h C_{max} of 199 ng/ml was reached at 2.3h after the first dose. Steady state was reached after the third dose (24h). The plasma levels indicate high bioavailability.

Metabolism

The major metabolite of B-Artemether is the demethylated product dihydroartemisinin.

The following are considered to be metabolites.

3 a-hydroxydeoxydihydroqinghaosu

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2 a-hydroxyartemether

9 a-hydroxyartemether

5.3 Pre-clinical Safety:

It is a well established drug for which there are adequate published data.

6. Pharmaceutical Particulars:

List of Excipients:

NA

6.1 Incompatibilities: Nil

6.2 Shelf Life: 36 months.

6.3 Special Precautions for storage:

Store below 30°C. Protect from light. Keep medicine out of reach of children.

6.4 Nature and contents of container:

Clear glass ampoule of 1 ml, such 6 ampoules packed in a transparent PVC tray and one such tray is packed in inner carton along with pack insert & such 10 inner carton packed in outer carton.

6.5 Special precautions for disposal and other handling:

No special requirements.

7. Marketing Authorization Holder:

8. Marketing Authorization Number: ---

9. Date of first Authorization /renewal of the authorization: ---

10. Date of revision of text: ---